



AAIPP Bulletin

December 2025

Season's Greetings

In this holiday season, besides offering the usual holiday good wishes and making a charitable donation, another holiday wish of “Peace on Earth” would be particularly fitting. With antisemitism louder than ever across the globe, devastating war conflicts abroad, and deadly violence at home, may 2026 bring a kinder, more civil, loving, and humane world for all.



Antisemitic Attitudes & Anti-Israel Stances

How prevalent are anti-Israel stances and antisemitic views in the American electorate?

A recent [Fall 2025 Yale Youth Poll](#) of young registered voters (aged 18-34) and the general registered voter population finds that younger voters are less likely to say that American Jews have had a positive impact on the United States (35% of the 18-22 years old to 54% overall).

Young voters are also more likely to agree with these three statements commonly considered to be antisemitic: (1) Jews in the U.S. are more loyal to Israel than to America; (2) It's appropriate to boycott Jewish American-owned businesses to protest the war in Gaza; and (3) Jews in the U.S. have too much power.

In the overall survey sample, smaller proportions of Black (62%), Asian (57%), and Hispanic (63%) respondents agreed with none of the statements than white respondents (74%).

Antisemitic Attitudes & Anti-Israel Stances Among U.S. Voters				
by race and Hispanic Origin				
Do you agree or disagree with these statements, [1], [2], and [3]?				
	Agree with none of the statements	Agree with [1]	Agree with [2]	Agree with [3]
All Voters				
Overall	70%	17%	8%	6%
White	74%	16%	7%	3%
Hispanic	63%	17%	10%	10%
Black	62%	22%	7%	9%
Asian	57%	21%	14%	8%
Other	64%	15%	13%	8%
Young Voters 18-34				
Overall	62%	18%	12%	8%
White	65%	17%	11%	7%
Hispanic	57%	19%	14%	10%
Black	54%	20%	14%	11%
Asian	60%	18%	11%	11%
Do you believe the State of Israel should exist as a Jewish state?				
	[A]	[B]	[C]	Not Sure
Overall	46%	18%	5%	31%
White	51%	18%	3%	28%
Hispanic	36%	23%	6%	36%
Black	24%	14%	7%	54%
Asian	30%	25%	10%	36%
Other	48%	21%	3%	28%

[1] "Jews in the U.S. are more loyal to Israel than to America"

[2] "It's appropriate to boycott Jewish American-owned businesses to protest the war in Gaza"

[3] "Jews in the United States have too much power"

[A] Israel should exist as a Jewish state

[B] Israel should exist, but not as a Jewish state

[C] Israel should not exist

Source: The Yale Youth Poll: Fall 2025

Majorities of young White, Hispanic, Black, and Asian voters ages 18-34 do not agree with any of the three statements. However, it should still be concerning that the respective proportions of those who do agree with one of the statements are not insignificant, ranging from 35% of young White voters to 45% of young Black voters. 40% of young Asian voters share similar views.

The poll also found a racial divide in the belief that Israel should exist as a Jewish state. Black (24%), Asian (30%), and Hispanic (36%) voters were less likely to say that Israel should exist as a Jewish state than white voters (51%).

Enjoy reading the monthly AAIPP Bulletin?

Please consider making a tax-deductible contribution to AAIPP. An on-line donation button is located at the end of the bulletin.

Food Stamp Recipients in the United States

Based on data from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, the Census Bureau and other sources, [Pew Research Center analysis](#) identifies 41.7 million people in 22.4 million households receiving Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) benefits, popularly known as food stamps, in May 2025. That works out to be nearly 1 in every 8 people in the country.

According to data from Census Bureau's [Survey of Income and Program Participation](#), nearly 23 million SNAP recipients (65%) in 2023 were adults, and 12.4 million (35%) were children. By race and ethnicity, White recipients accounted for 61.1% of all food stamp recipients that year, Non-Hispanic White 37.4%, Hispanic 30%, Black 28.7%, and Asian 3.5%.

Recent Releases

[By the Numbers: AANHPIs and Health](#)

AAPI Data (December 11, 2025)

This resource guide is designed to provide key insights and perspectives on the issue of health in Asian American, Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander communities. It provides detailed information about AAPI public opinion on health as well as disparities in health outcomes, access to health care, and other related services such as food assistance.

[Disconnected: The escalating challenge of loneliness among adults 45-plus](#)

AARP (December 2025)

This recent study on loneliness shows that 4 in 10 U.S. adults age 45 and older are lonely, a significant increase from 35% in 2010 and 2018. The five-point increase reflects a measurable rise in loneliness among mid-life and older adults. Among Asian American Native Hawaiian & Pacific Islander adults age 45-plus, 46% reported feeling lonely.

[The Yale Youth Poll: Fall 2025 Results](#)

Conducted from October 29 to November 11, 2025, this survey of registered voters reports that young voters now overwhelmingly disapprove of President Trump's job performance and the "One Big Beautiful Bill Act". This is a notable shift from their spring 2025 survey, which [found](#) that voters 18-21 narrowly approved of Trump's job performance, while voters 22-29 narrowly disapproved.

[Harvard Youth Poll Fall 2025](#)

Harvard Kennedy School Institute of Politics (December 2025)

Conducted November 3-7, 2025, this poll finds that young Americans 18- to 29-year-olds feel the country is off course and their futures are unstable.

[Youth, Loneliness and Political Violence in the U.S.](#)

Kettering Foundation / Gallup Democracy for All Project (December 2, 2025)

This inaugural survey of 20,000 U.S. adults finds that age is the strongest predictor of attitudes toward political violence, with young adults aged 18 to 29 more likely than other age groups to say that it is sometimes OK to use violence to achieve a political goal. This attitude is also more prevalent among heavy social media users than those who use social media less frequently or not at all and among men more so than women. The relationship between loneliness and political violence varies significantly based on age and gender. Notably, 45% of men aged 18 to 29 who "always" or "often" feel lonely say political violence is sometimes acceptable.

[After the Earthquake: How the Assassination of Charlie Kirk Is Reshaping Campus Speech Nationwide](#)

Foundation on Individual Rights and Expressions (December 2025)

Fielded between October 3 and October 31, 2025, this survey of undergraduates nationwide found that 68 percent of all students said using violence to stop a campus speech is never acceptable. But 95 percent of students from Utah Valley University said the same — a sign of how youth opinion was profoundly affected by adjacency to the tragic experience.

A year-end gift to AAIPP?

Early this year, AAIPP released two well-received survey reports on AAPI voters: (1) 2024 Post-Election Survey, and (2) Views of AAPI Voters on the first 100 days of President Trump's second term. Please consider making a tax-deductible contribution to support AAIPP's voter surveys in 2026.

ABOUT AAIPP

The Asian American Institute for Public Policy (AAIPP) is a national, nonprofit, nonpartisan organization dedicated to advancing equality and full participation for Asian Americans. It works to amplify Asian American voice and thought leadership to address community concerns and to contribute pragmatic solutions to vital social, economic, and political issues in America. Through an inclusive perspective and a politically balanced approach, AAIPP seeks to promote reasoned dialogue and informed policy discourse that is guided by empirical research and critical analysis. www.aaipp.org

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